

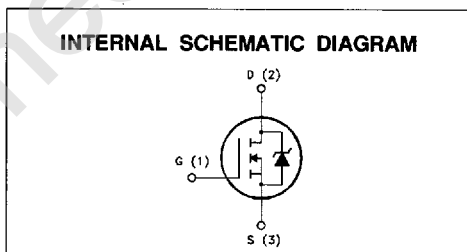
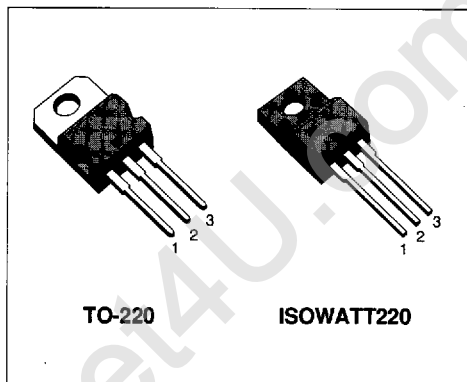
**N - CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE  
LOW THRESHOLD POWER MOS TRANSISTOR**

TYPE	V <sub>DSS</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub>
STP50N05L	50 V	< 0.028 Ω	50 A
STP50N05LFI	50 V	< 0.028 Ω	27 A

- TYPICAL R<sub>DS(on)</sub> = 0.024 Ω
- AVALANCHE RUGGED TECHNOLOGY
- 100% AVALANCHE TESTED
- REPETITIVE AVALANCHE DATA AT 100°C
- LOW GATE CHARGE
- HIGH CURRENT CAPABILITY
- LOGIC LEVEL COMPATIBLE INPUT
- 175°C OPERATING TEMPERATURE
- APPLICATION ORIENTED CHARACTERIZATION

**APPLICATIONS**

- HIGH CURRENT, HIGH SPEED SWITCHING
- SOLENOID AND RELAY DRIVERS
- REGULATORS
- DC-DC & DC-AC CONVERTERS
- MOTOR CONTROL, AUDIO AMPLIFIERS
- AUTOMOTIVE ENVIRONMENT (INJECTION, ABS, AIR-BAG, LAMPDRIVERS, Etc.)



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		STP50N05L	STP50N05LFI	
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-source Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0)	50		V
V <sub>DGR</sub>	Drain- gate Voltage (R <sub>GS</sub> = 20 kΩ)	50		V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-source Voltage	± 15		V
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current (continuous) at T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	50	27	A
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current (continuous) at T <sub>c</sub> = 100 °C	35	19	A
I <sub>DM</sub> (*)	Drain Current (pulsed)	200	200	A
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Dissipation at T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	150	45	W
	Derating Factor		0.3	W/°C
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Insulation Withstand Voltage (DC)	—	2000	V
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to 175		°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Max. Operating Junction Temperature	175		°C

(\*) Pulse width limited by safe operating area

## THERMAL DATA

		TO-220	ISOWATT220		
R <sub>thj-case</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	1	3.33	°C/W
R <sub>thj-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	62.5		°C/W
R <sub>thc-sink</sub>	Thermal Resistance Case-sink	Typ	0.5		°C/W
T <sub>l</sub>	Maximum Lead Temperature For Soldering Purpose		300		°C

## AVALANCHE CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Max Value	Unit
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Not-Repetitive (pulse width limited by T <sub>j</sub> max, δ < 1%)	50	A
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (starting T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>D</sub> = I <sub>AR</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> = 25 V)	400	mJ
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy (pulse width limited by T <sub>j</sub> max, δ < 1%)	100	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Not-Repetitive (T <sub>c</sub> = 100 °C, pulse width limited by T <sub>j</sub> max, δ < 1%)	35	A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>case</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

OFF

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	Drain-source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA V <sub>GS</sub> = 0	50			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0)	V <sub>DS</sub> = Max Rating V <sub>DS</sub> = Max Rating x 0.8 T <sub>c</sub> = 125 °C			250 1000	μA μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-body Leakage Current (V <sub>DS</sub> = 0)	V <sub>GS</sub> = ± 15 V			± 100	nA

ON (\*)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA	1	1.6	2.5	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-source On Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 5 V I <sub>D</sub> = 25 A V <sub>GS</sub> = 5 V I <sub>D</sub> = 25 A T <sub>c</sub> = 100°C		0.024	0.028 0.056	Ω Ω
I <sub>D(on)</sub>	On State Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> > I <sub>D(on)</sub> × R <sub>DS(on)max</sub> V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	50			A

## DYNAMIC

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
g <sub>fs</sub> (*)	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> > I <sub>D(on)</sub> × R <sub>DS(on)max</sub> I <sub>D</sub> = 25 A	17	31		S
C <sub>ISS</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25 V f = 1 MHz V <sub>GS</sub> = 0		2000	2600	pF
C <sub>OSS</sub>	Output Capacitance			660	900	pF
C <sub>RSS</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			160	220	pF

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

**SWITCHING ON**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$ $t_r$	Turn-on Time Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$ $I_D = 25\text{ A}$ $R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ (see test circuit, figure 3)		95 550	140 800	ns ns
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on Current Slope	$V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 50\text{ A}$ $R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ (see test circuit, figure 5)		100		A/ $\mu$ s
$Q_g$ $Q_{gs}$ $Q_{gd}$	Total Gate Charge Gate-Source Charge Gate-Drain Charge	$V_{DD} = 80\text{ V}$ $I_D = 50\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$		42 11 25	60	nC nC nC

**SWITCHING OFF**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{r(Voff)}$	Off-voltage Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 50\text{ A}$		145	210	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$		215	310	ns
$t_c$	Cross-over Time	(see test circuit, figure 5)		380	550	ns

**SOURCE DRAIN DIODE**

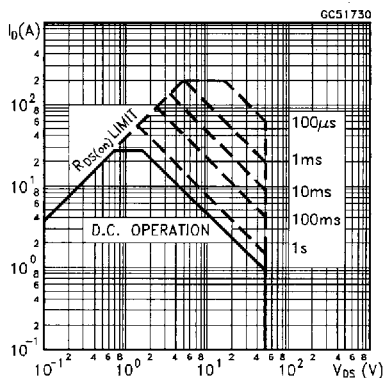
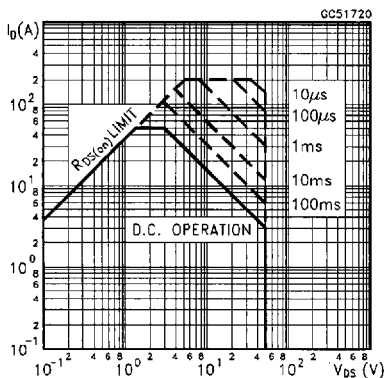
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SD}$ $I_{SDM}(\bullet)$	Source-drain Current Source-drain Current (pulsed)				50 200	A A
$V_{SD} (*)$	Forward On Voltage	$I_{SD} = 50\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 0$			1.6	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 50\text{ A}$ $di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (see test circuit, figure 5)		110		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge			0.27		$\mu\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current			5		A

(\*) Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle 1.5 %

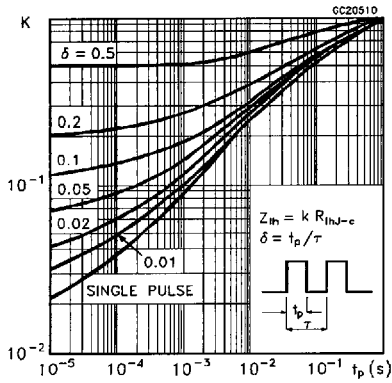
( $\bullet$ ) Pulse width limited by safe operating area

**Safe Operating Areas For TO-220**

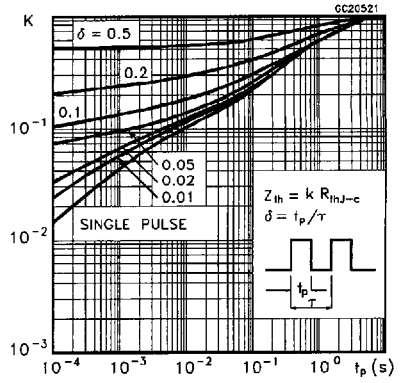
**Safe Operating Areas For ISOWATT220**



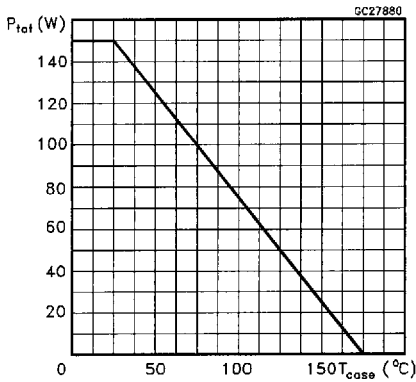
Thermal Impedance For TO-220



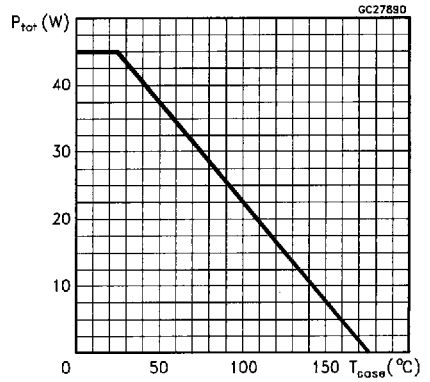
Thermal Impedance For ISOWATT220



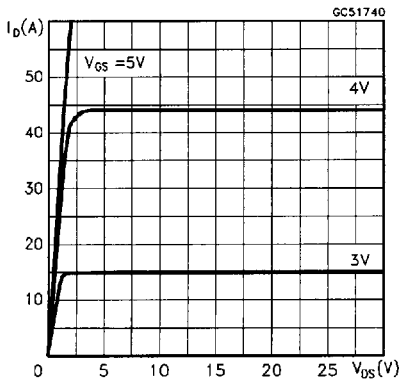
Derating Curve For TO-220



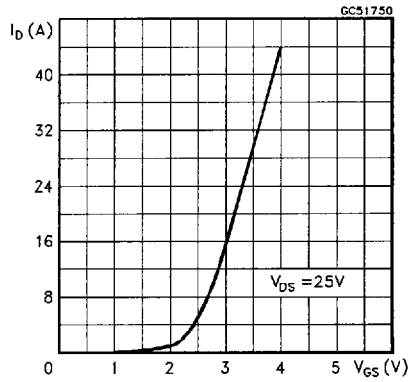
Derating Curve For ISOWATT220



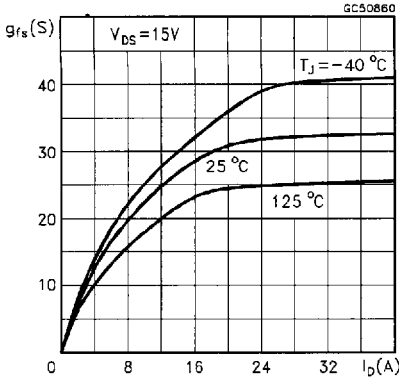
Output Characteristics



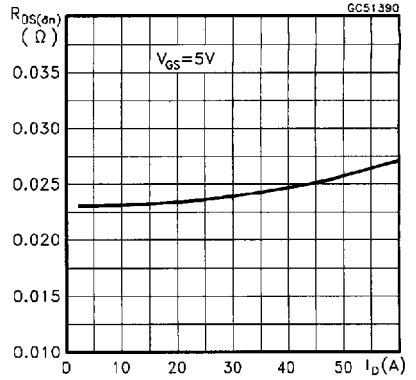
Transfer Characteristics



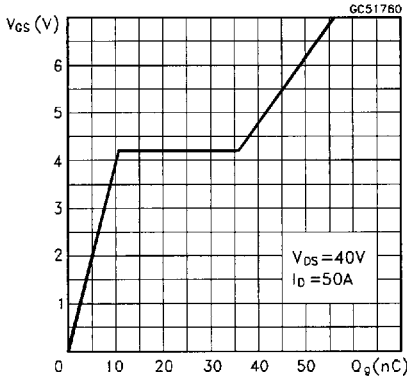
Transconductance



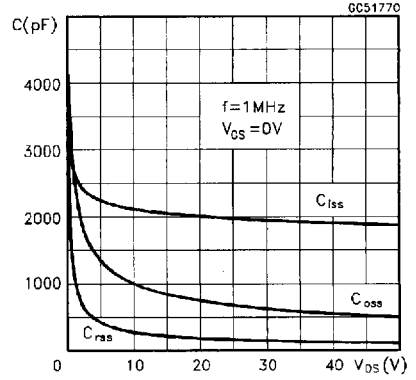
Static Drain-source On Resistance



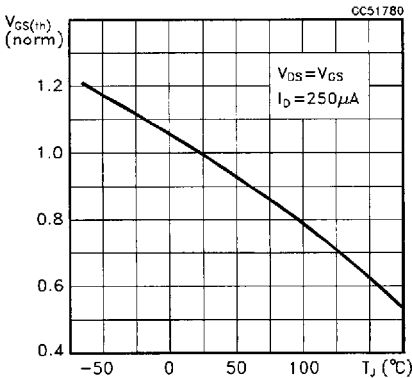
Gate Charge vs Gate-source Voltage



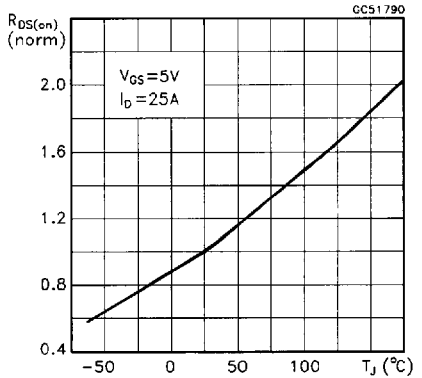
Capacitance Variations



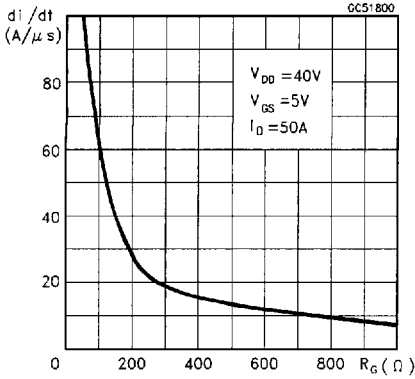
Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Temperature



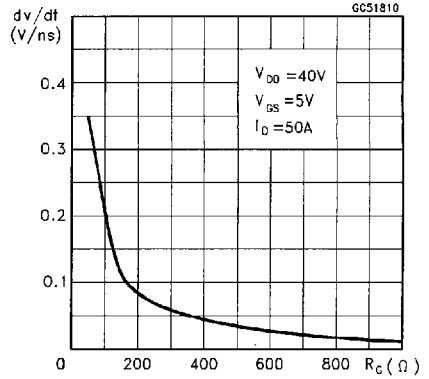
Normalized On Resistance vs Temperature



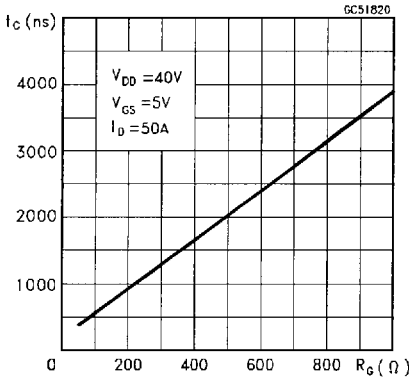
Turn-on Current Slope



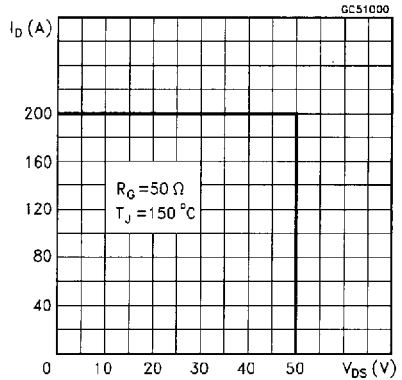
Turn-off Drain-source Voltage Slope



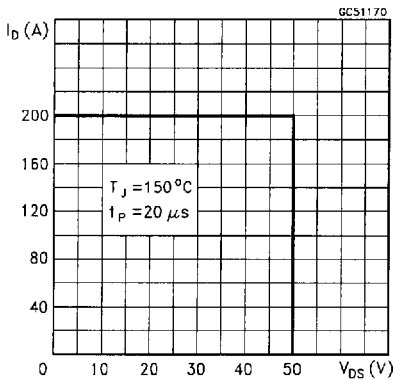
Cross-over Time



Switching Safe Operating Area



Accidental Overload Area



Source-drain Diode Forward Characteristics

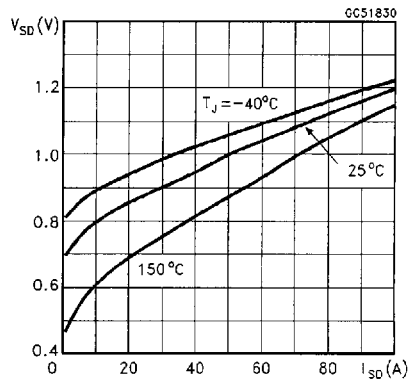


Fig. 1: Unclamped Inductive Load Test Circuits

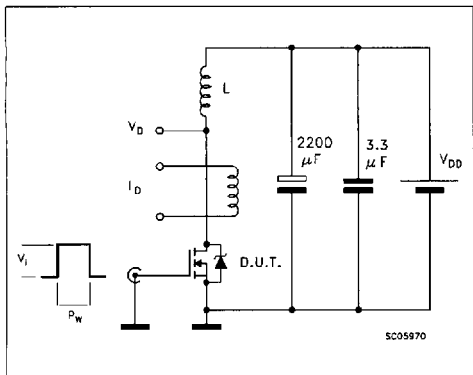


Fig. 2: Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

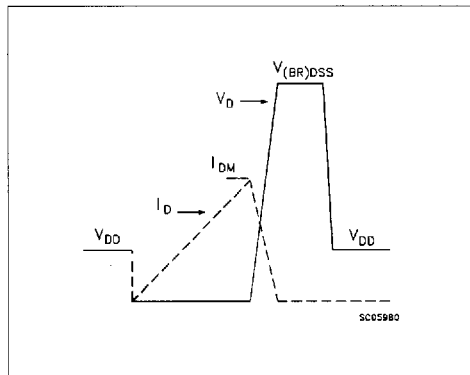


Fig. 3: Switching Times Test Circuits For Resistive Load

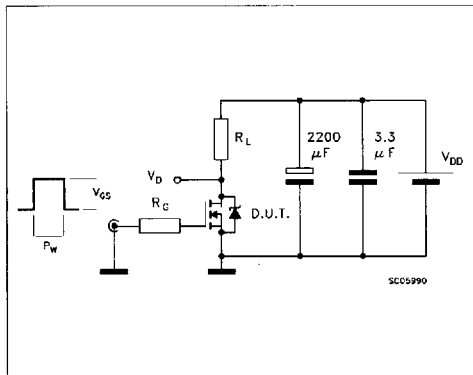


Fig. 4: Gate Charge Test Circuit

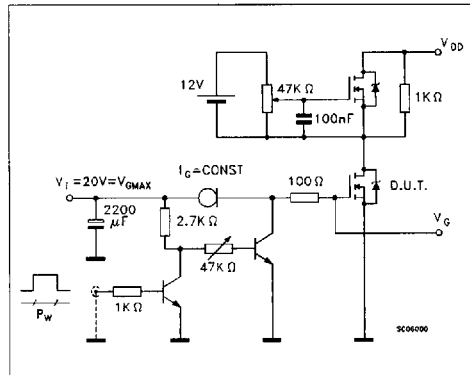


Fig. 5: Test Circuit For Inductive Load Switching And Diode Reverse Recovery Time

