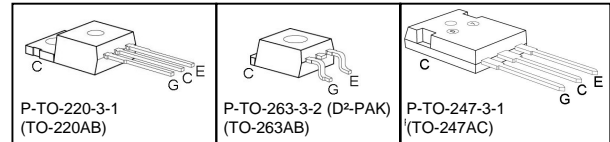
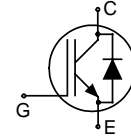


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode



- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat)}$	T_j	Package	Ordering Code
SKP10N60A	600V	10A	2.3V	150°C	TO-220AB	Q67040-S4458
SKB10N60A					TO-263AB	Q67040-S4459
SKW10N60A					TO-247AC	Q67040-S4506

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
		SKP10N60A SKB10N60A SKW10N60A	
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	20	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10.6	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	40	
Turn off safe operating area	-	40	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F	21	
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Fpuls}	42	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ¹⁾	t_{SC}	10	μ s
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	92	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	°C

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
			SKP10N60A SKB10N60A SKW10N60A	

Characteristic

IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		1.35	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		2.4	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	TO-220AB TO-247AC	62 40	
SMD version, device on PCB ¹⁾	R_{thJA}	TO-263AB	40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	

Static Characteristic

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=10A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	2	2.4	
		$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.3	2.8	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=10A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	1.4	1.8	
		$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.25	1.65	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=300\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40	μA
		$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1500	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=10A$	-	6.7	-	S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	550	660	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	62	75	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	42	51	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=10A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	52	68	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	TO-220AB	-	7	-	nH
		TO-247AC	-	13	-	
Short circuit collector current ²⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 600V,$ $T_j\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	100	-	A

¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=25\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=55\text{pF}$	-	28	34	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	12	15	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	178	214	
Fall time	t_f		-	24	29	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.15	0.173	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.17	0.221	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.320	0.394	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=10\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	220	-	ns
	t_s		-	20	-	
	t_F		-	200	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	310	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	4.5	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	180	-	A/ μs

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A},$ $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V},$ $R_G=25\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=180\text{nH},$ $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=55\text{pF}$	-	28	34	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	12	15	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	198	238	
Fall time	t_f		-	26	32	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.260	0.299	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.280	0.364	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.540	0.663	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=10\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	350	-	ns
	t_s		-	36	-	
	t_F		-	314	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	690	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	6.3	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	200	-	A/ μs

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

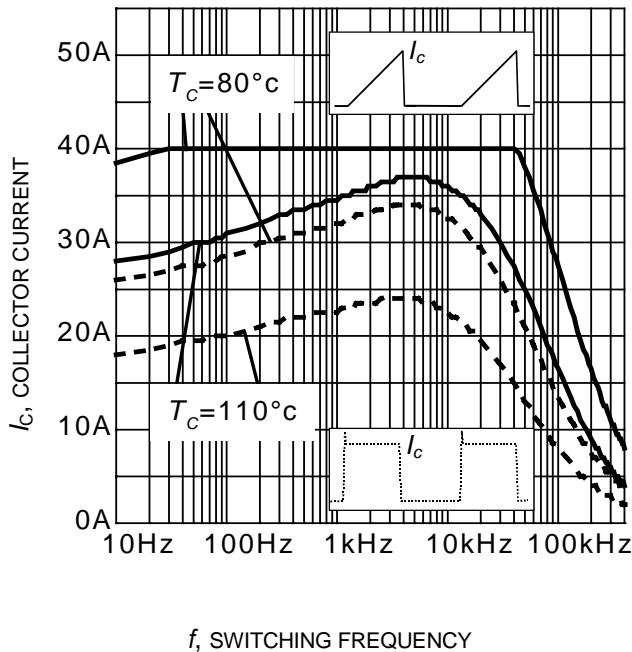


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$)

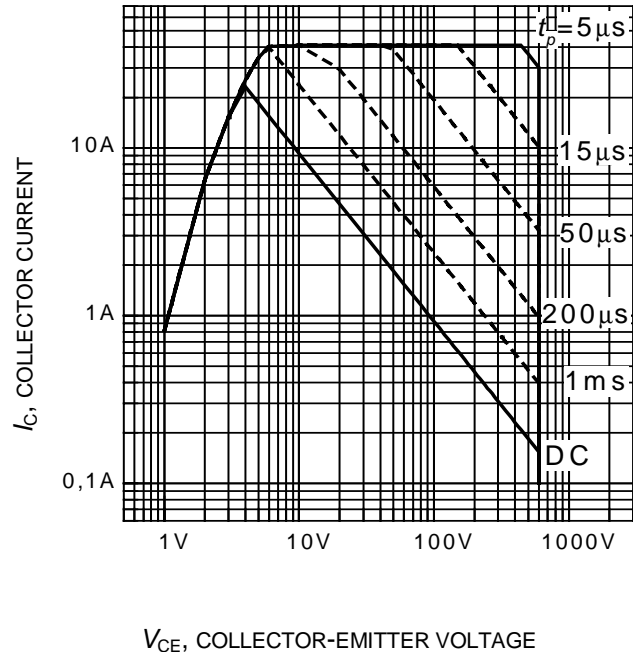


Figure 2. Safe operating area
($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

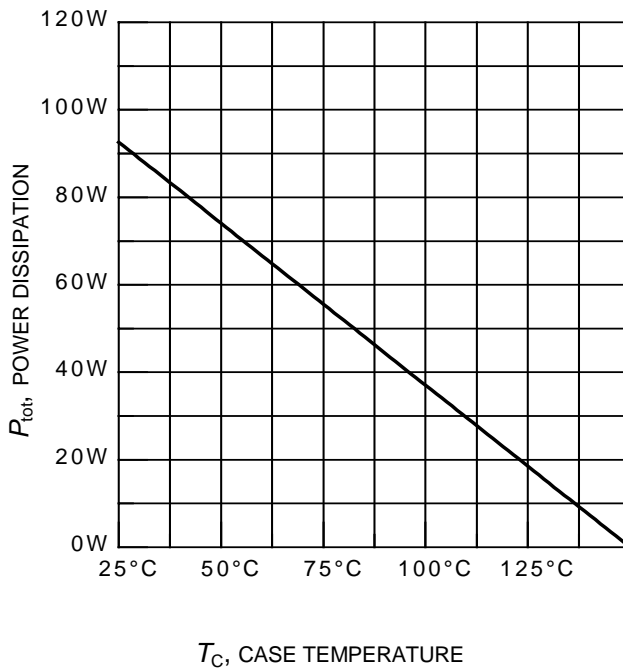


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

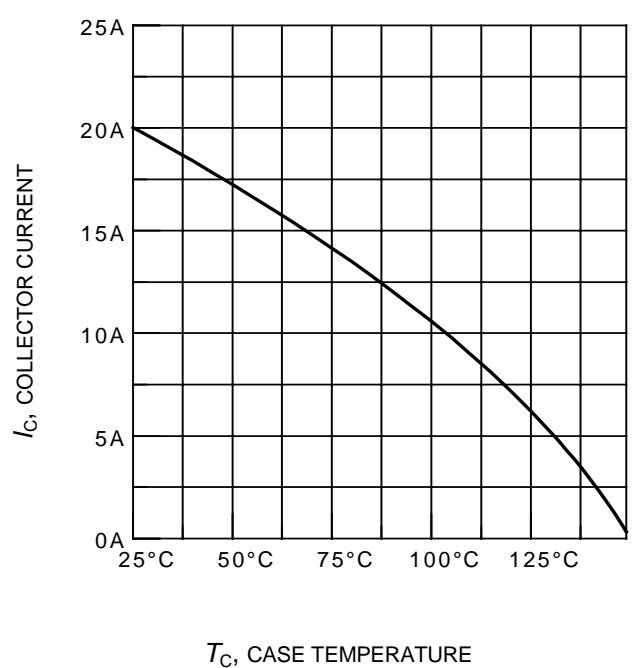


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

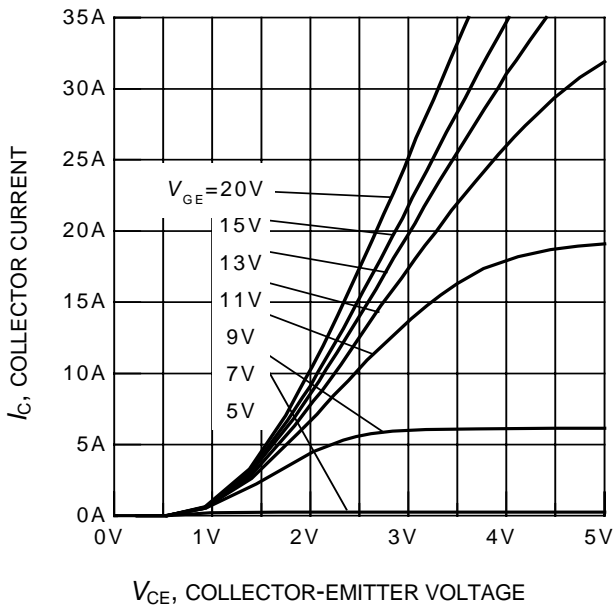


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

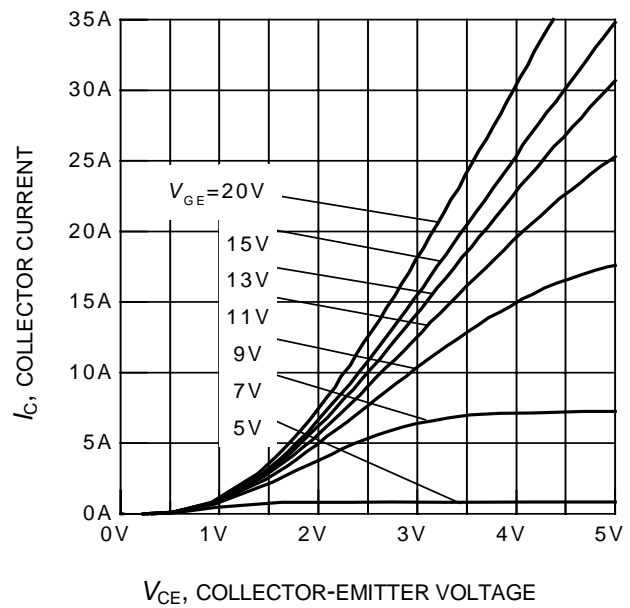


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

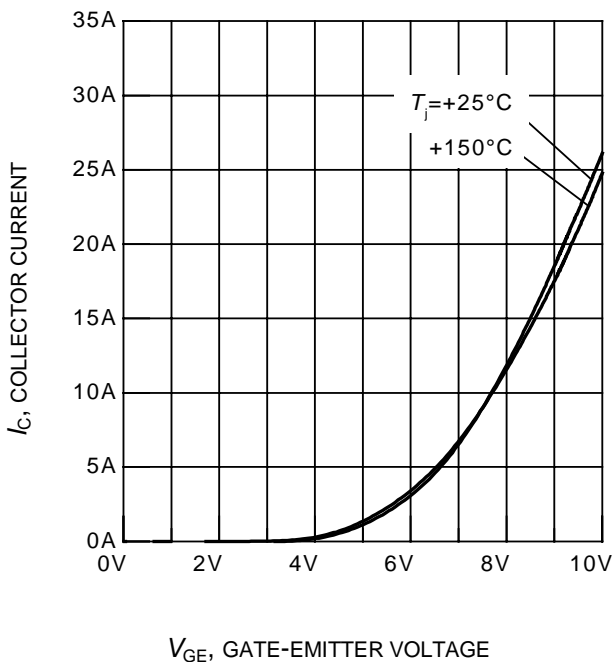


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

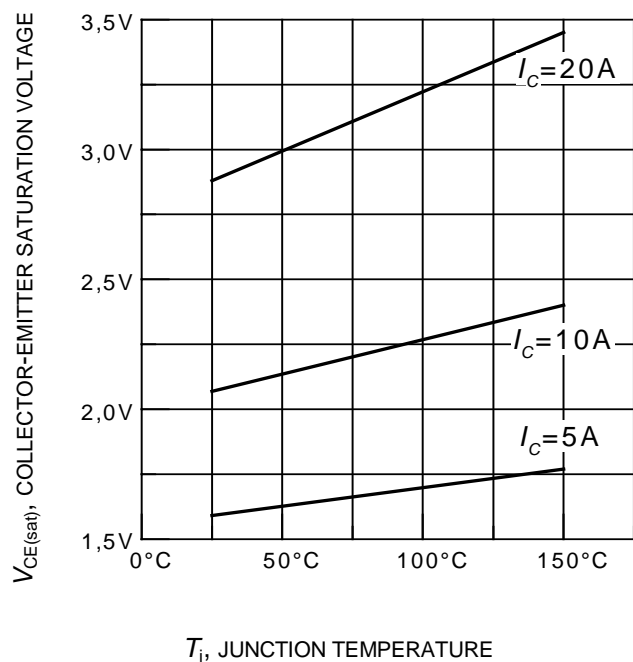
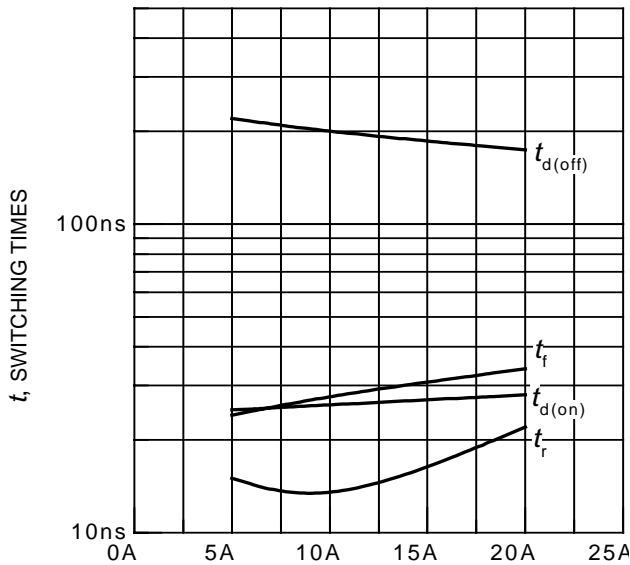


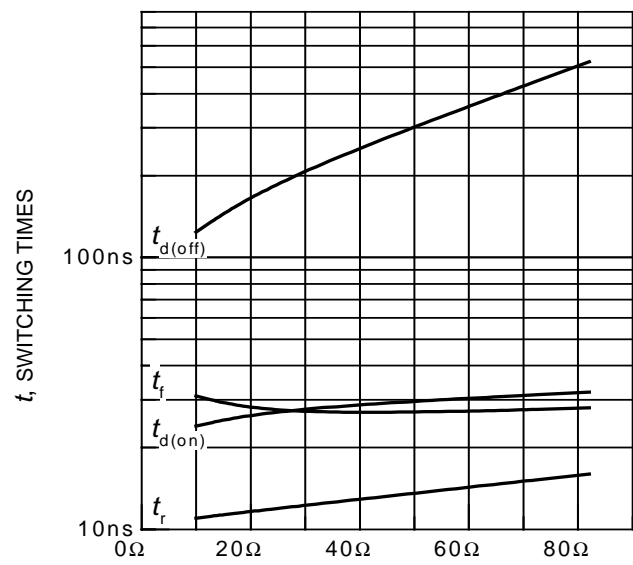
Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)



I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

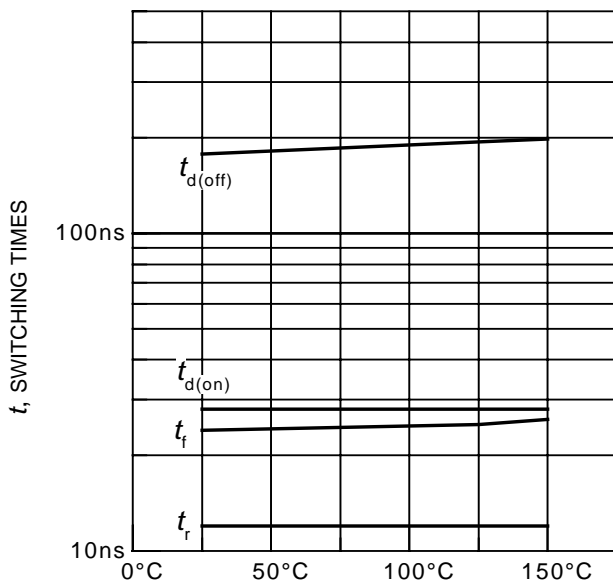
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



R_G , GATE RESISTOR

Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

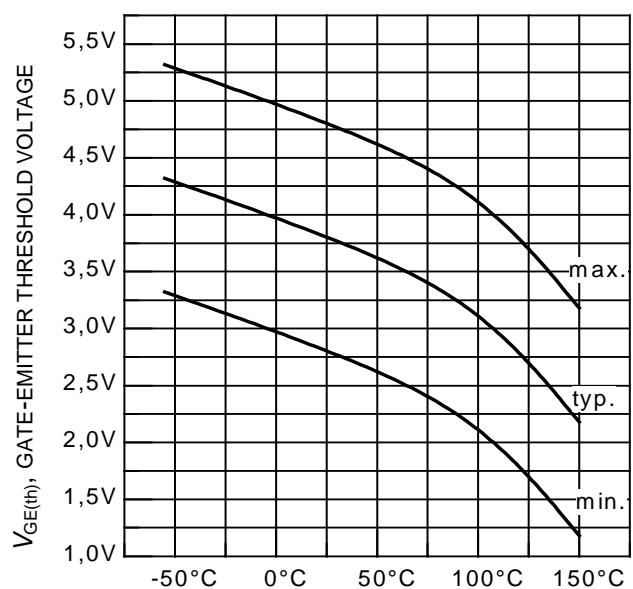
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$,
 $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.3\text{mA}$)

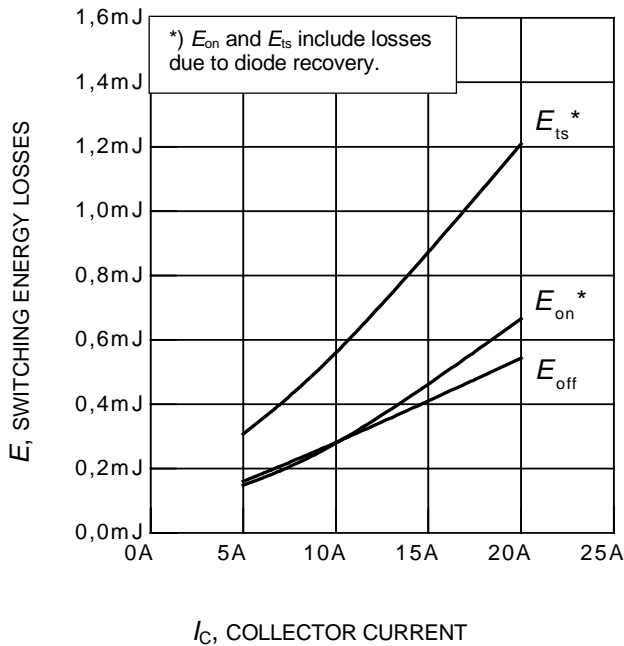


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

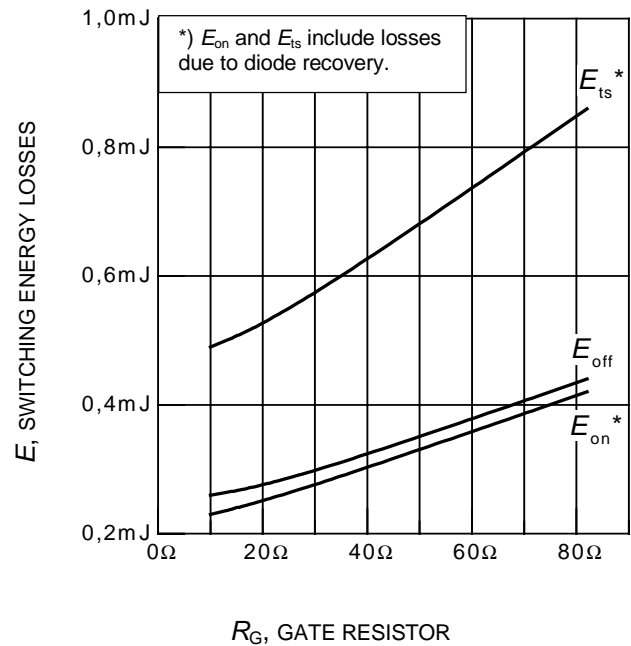


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

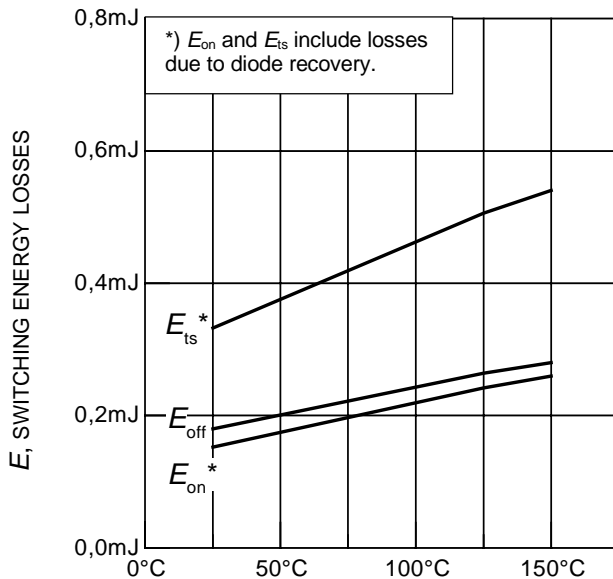


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

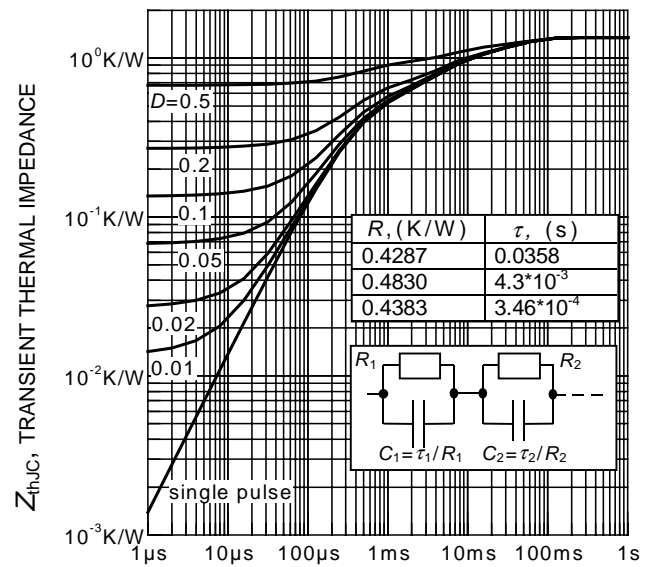
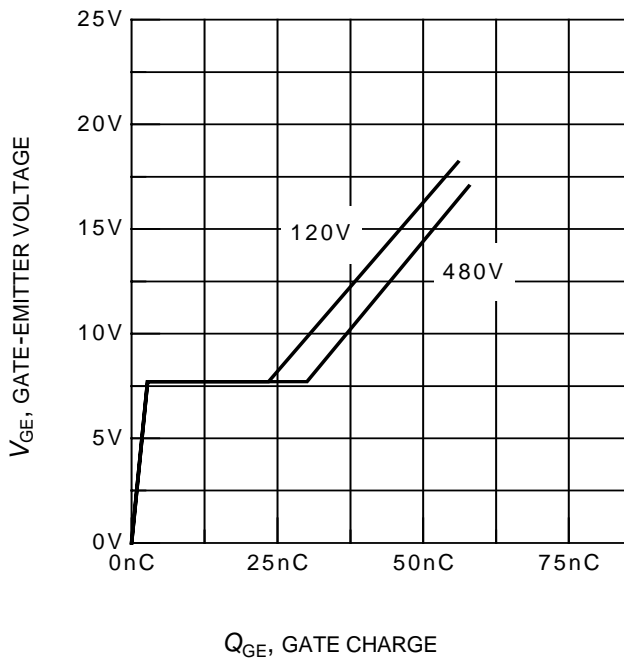
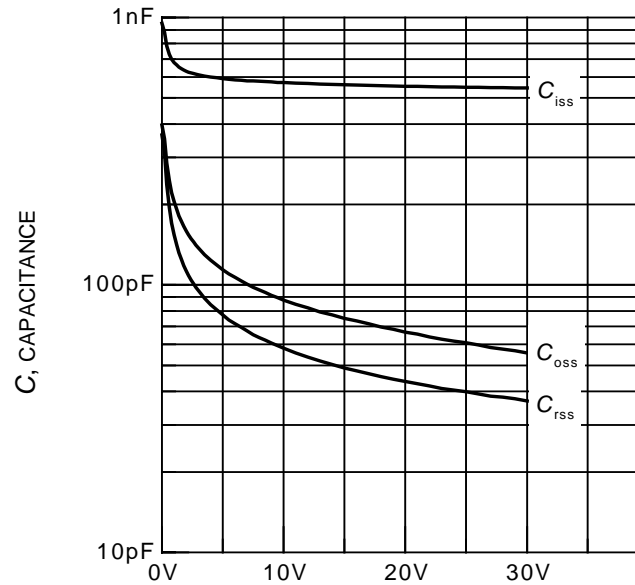


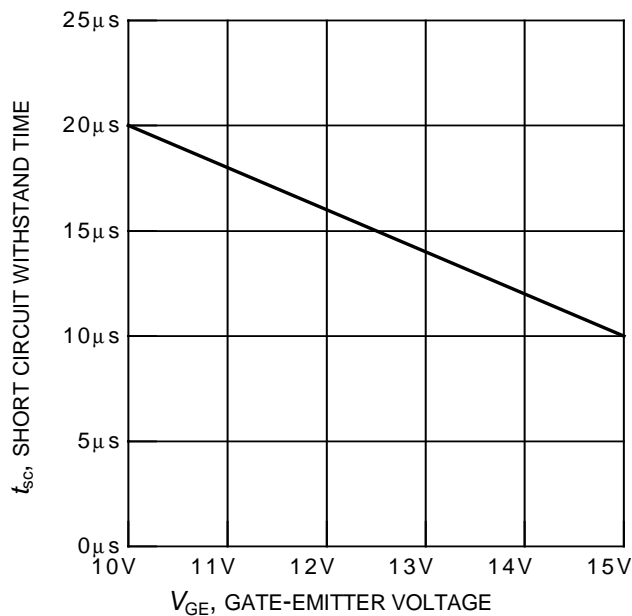
Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p / T$)



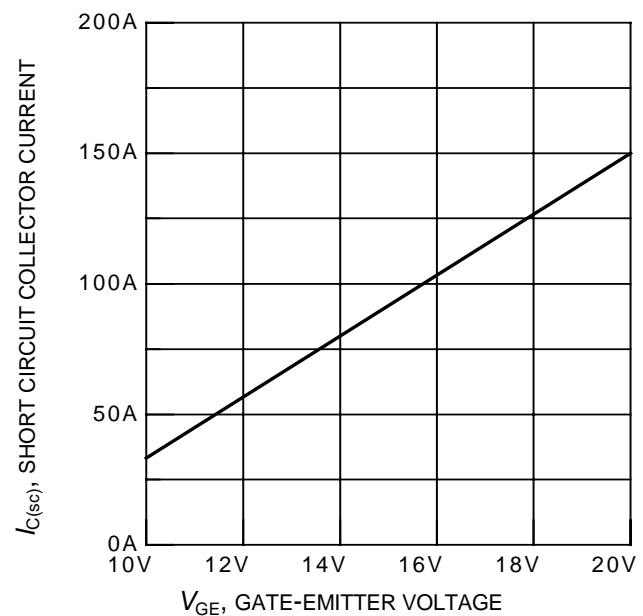
Q_{GE} , GATE CHARGE
Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 10A$)



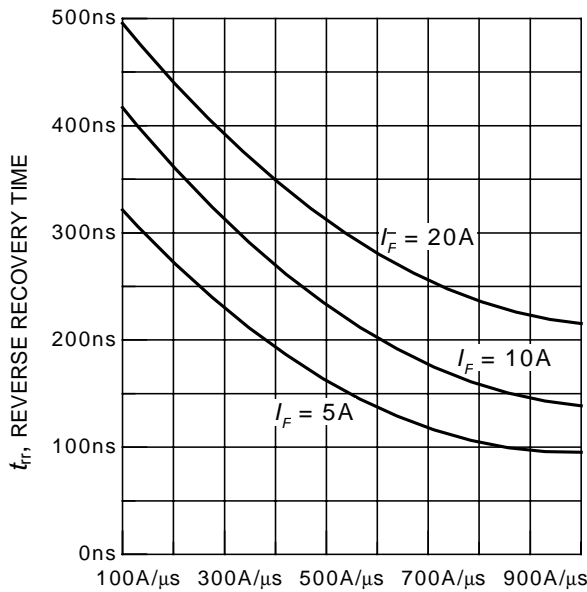
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V$, $f = 1MHz$)



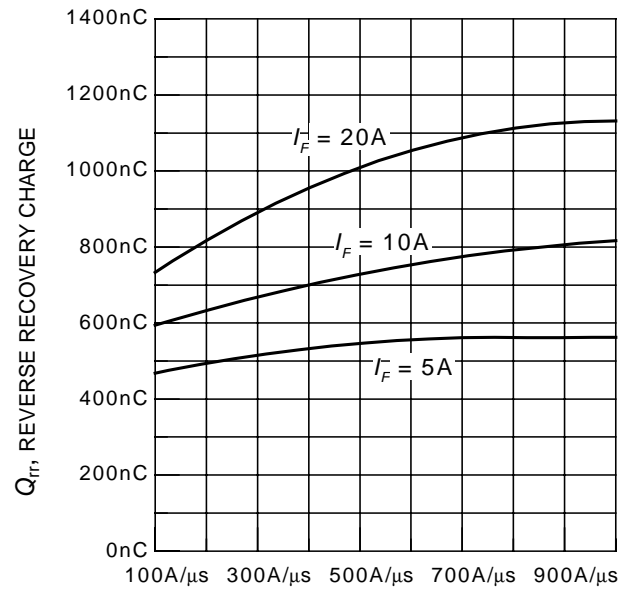
V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V$, start at $T_j = 25^\circ C$)



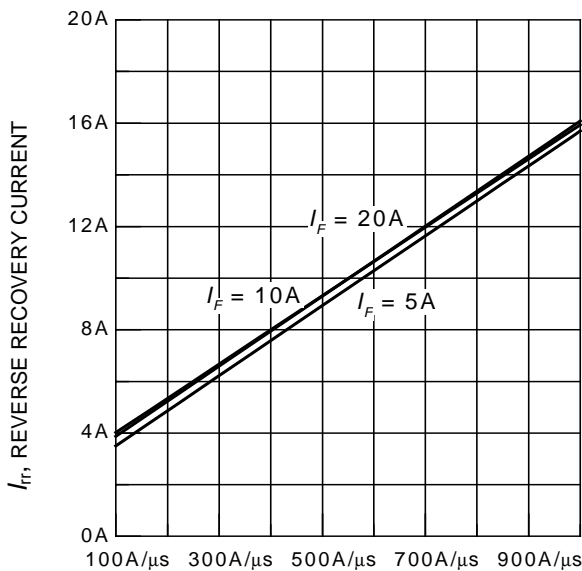
V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)



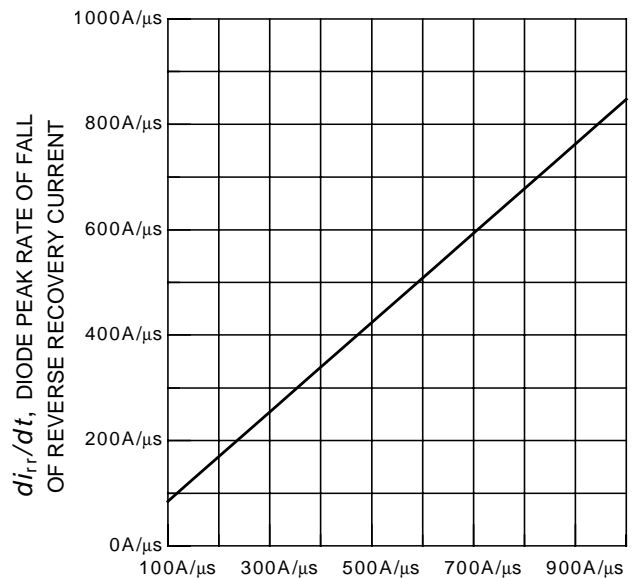
di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

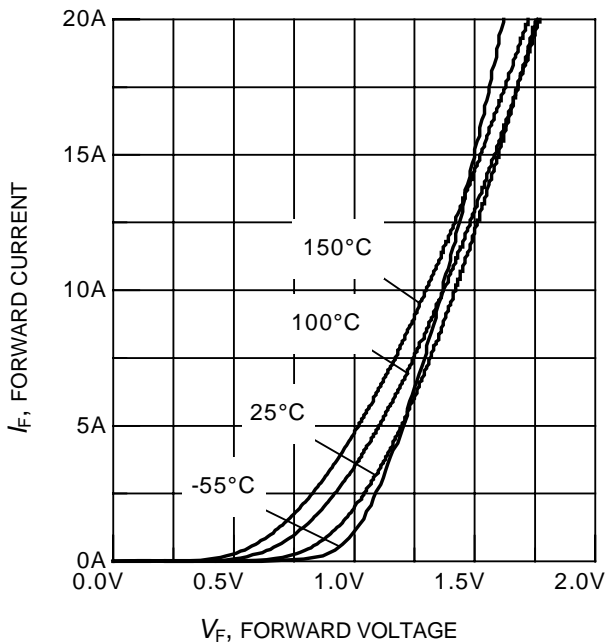


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

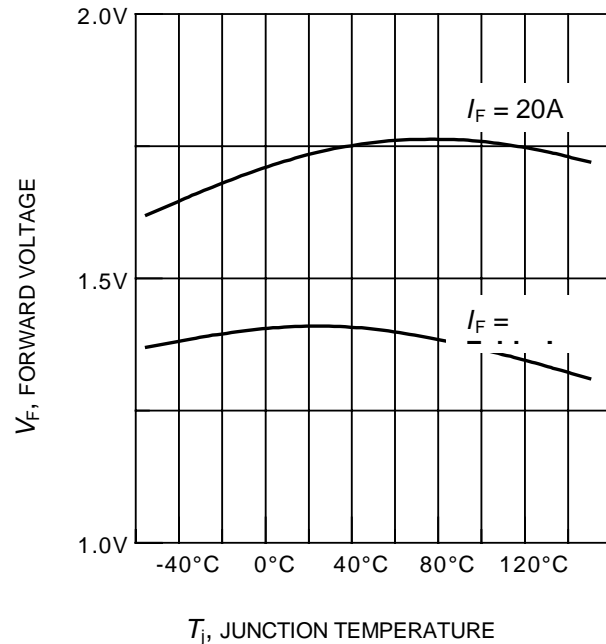


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

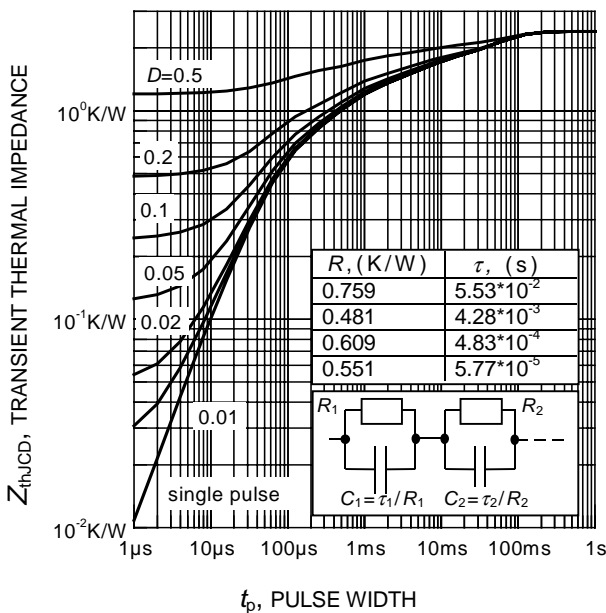
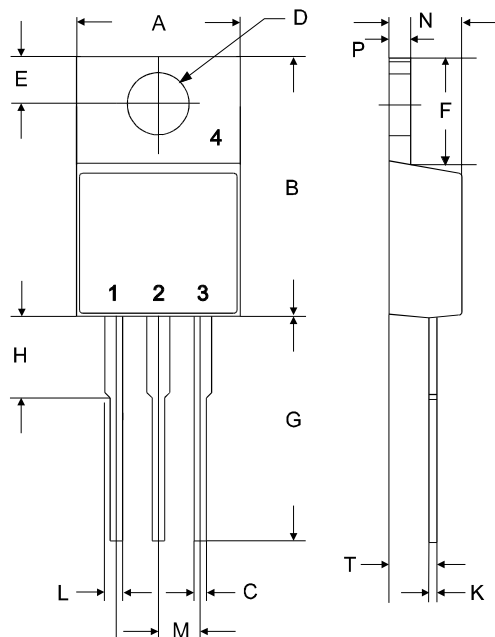


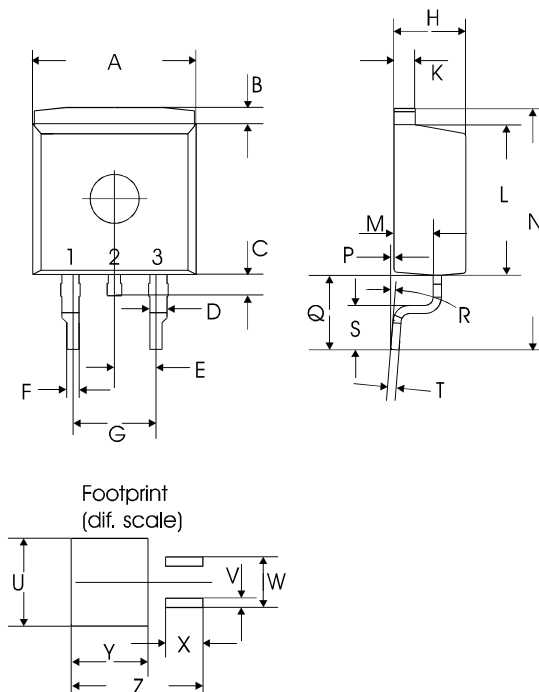
Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D = t_p / T$)

TO-220AB

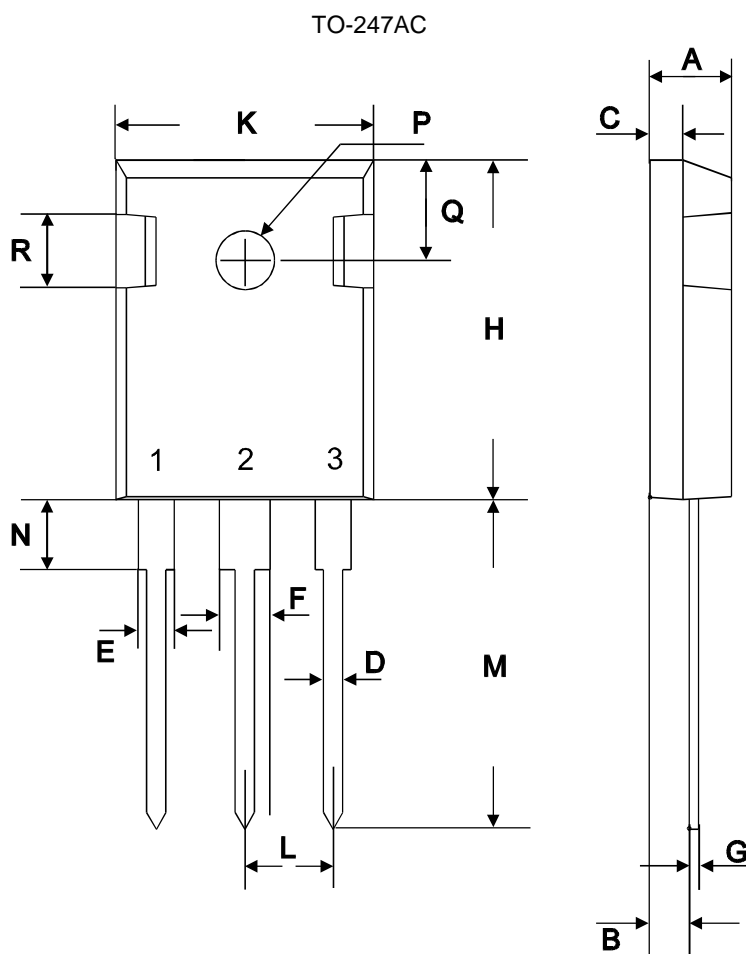


symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	9.70	10.30	0.3819	0.4055
B	14.88	15.95	0.5858	0.6280
C	0.65	0.86	0.0256	0.0339
D	3.55	3.89	0.1398	0.1531
E	2.60	3.00	0.1024	0.1181
F	6.00	6.80	0.2362	0.2677
G	13.00	14.00	0.5118	0.5512
H	4.35	4.75	0.1713	0.1870
K	0.38	0.65	0.0150	0.0256
L	0.95	1.32	0.0374	0.0520
M	2.54 typ.		0.1 typ.	
N	4.30	4.50	0.1693	0.1772
P	1.17	1.40	0.0461	0.0551
T	2.30	2.72	0.0906	0.1071

TO-263AB (D²Pak)



symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	9.80	10.20	0.3858	0.4016
B	0.70	1.30	0.0276	0.0512
C	1.00	1.60	0.0394	0.0630
D	1.03	1.07	0.0406	0.0421
E	2.54 typ.		0.1 typ.	
F	0.65	0.85	0.0256	0.0335
G	5.08 typ.		0.2 typ.	
H	4.30	4.50	0.1693	0.1772
K	1.17	1.37	0.0461	0.0539
L	9.05	9.45	0.3563	0.3720
M	2.30	2.50	0.0906	0.0984
N	15 typ.		0.5906 typ.	
P	0.00	0.20	0.0000	0.0079
Q	4.20	5.20	0.1654	0.2047
R	8° max		8° max	
S	2.40	3.00	0.0945	0.1181
T	0.40	0.60	0.0157	0.0236
U	10.80		0.4252	
V	1.15		0.0453	
W	6.23		0.2453	
X	4.60		0.1811	
Y	9.40		0.3701	
Z	16.15		0.6358	



symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.78	5.28	0.1882	0.2079
B	2.29	2.51	0.0902	0.0988
C	1.78	2.29	0.0701	0.0902
D	1.09	1.32	0.0429	0.0520
E	1.73	2.06	0.0681	0.0811
F	2.67	3.18	0.1051	0.1252
G	0.76 max		0.0299 max	
H	20.80	21.16	0.8189	0.8331
K	15.65	16.15	0.6161	0.6358
L	5.21	5.72	0.2051	0.2252
M	19.81	20.68	0.7799	0.8142
N	3.560	4.930	0.1402	0.1941
ØP	3.61		0.1421	
Q	6.12	6.22	0.2409	0.2449

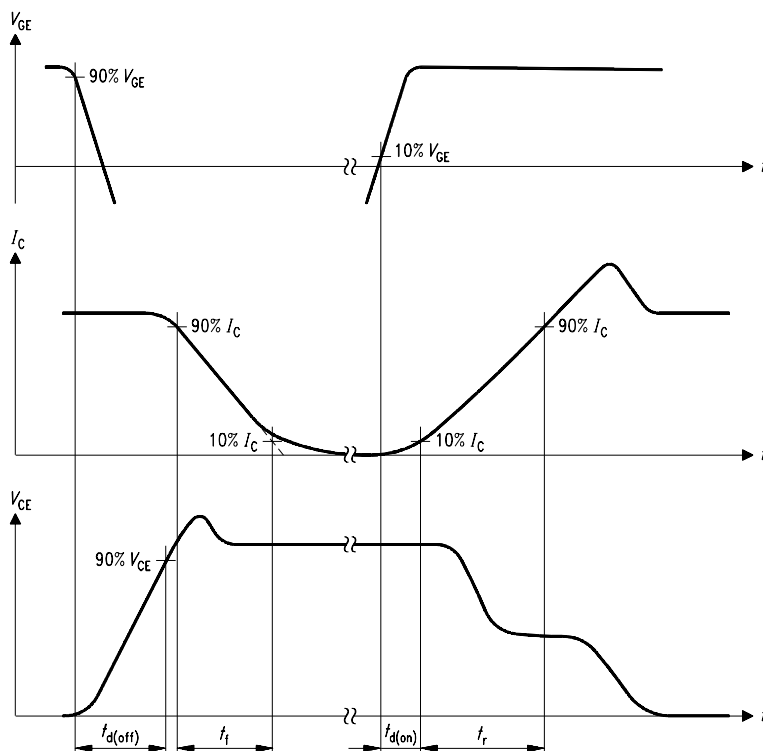


Figure A. Definition of switching times

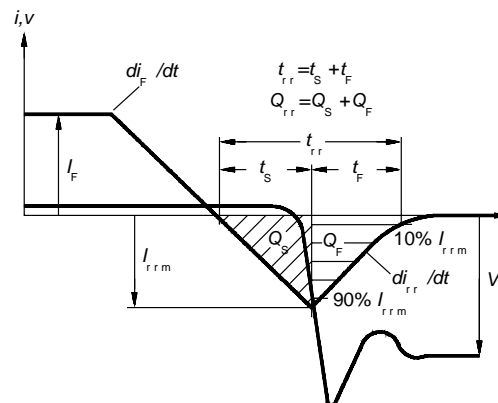


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

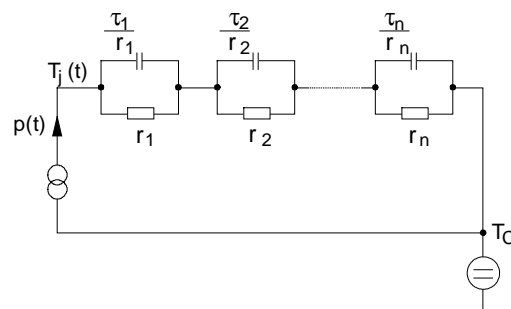


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

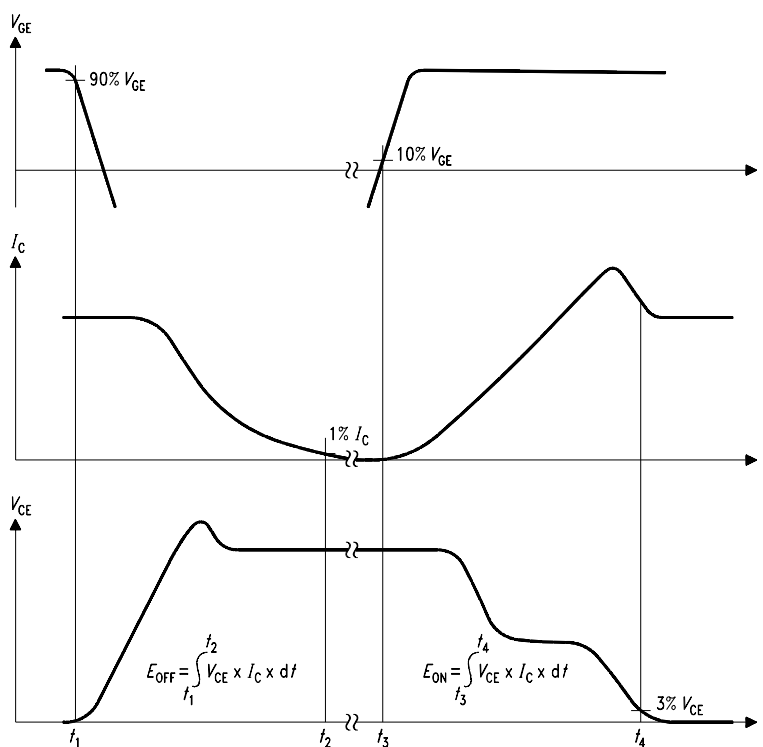


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

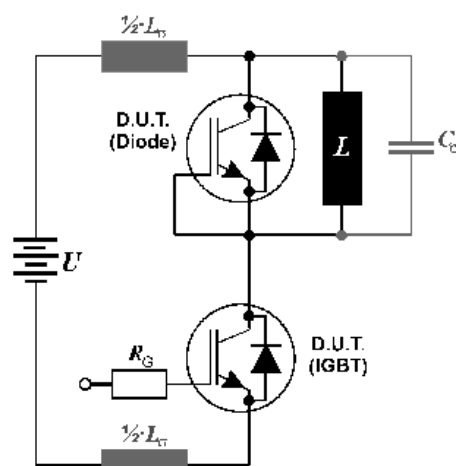


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$
and Stray capacity $C_\sigma = 55\text{pF}$.

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Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

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Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide (see address list).

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